

I, the undersigned, being an officer duly authorised in accordance with Section 74(1) and (4) of the Deregulation & Contracting Out Act 1994, to sign and issue certificates on behalf of the Comptroller-General, hereby certify that annexed hereto is a true copy of the documents as originally filed in connection with the patent application identified therein.

In accordance with the Patents (Companies Re-registration) Rules 1982, if a company named in this certificate and any accompanying documents has re-registered under the Companies Act 1980 with the same name as that with which it was registered immediately before re-registration save for the substitution as, or inclusion as, the last part of the name of the words "public limited company" or their equivalents in Welsh, references to the name of the company in this certificate and any accompanying documents shall be treated as references to the name with which it is so re-registered.

In accordance with the rules, the words "public limited company" may be replaced by p.l.c., plc, P.L.C. or PLC.

Re-registration under the Companies Act does not constitute a new legal entity but merely subjects the company to certain additional company law rules.

PRIORITY DOCUMENT

SUBMITTED OR TRANSMITTED IN COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 17.1(a) OR (b)

Signed

Dated

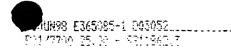
22 JUN 1999

An Executive Agency of the Department of Trade and Industry





The Patent Office



The Patent Office Cardiff Road Newport Gwent NP9 1RH

Request for grant of a patent (See the notes on the back of this form. You can also get an explanatory leaflet from the Patent Office to help you fill in this form)

I.	Your reference		
		A25632	
2.	Patent application number (The Patent Office will fill in this part)	9811862.3	02 JUN 1998
3.	Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)	BRITISH TELECOMMUNICATION 81 NEWGATE STREET LONDON, EC1A 7AJ, England Registered in England: 180000	ONS public limited compan
	Patents ADP number (if you know it)	1867002	
	If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation	UNITED KINGDOM	
4.	Title of the invention	DATA NETWORK ACCESS	
5.	Name of your agent (if you have one)	Michael <u>EVERSHED</u>	
	"Address for Service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)	BT GROUP LEGAL SERVICES INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DE HOLBORN CENTRE 120 HOLBORN LONDON, EC1N 2TE	T13 804 3000
	Patents ADP number (if you know it)	1867001	
).	If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number	Country Priority application num (if you know it)	nber Date of filing (day / month / year)
•	If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application	Number of earlier application	Date of filing (day/month/year)
	Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer Yes' if: a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or c) any named applicant is a corporate body. See note (d))	YES	

Patents Form 1/77



Enter the number of sheets for any of the following items you are filing with this form. Do not count copies of the same document

Continuation sheets of this form

Description

Claim(s)

-(-)

Abstract

Drawing(s) 2

 If you are also filing any of the following, state how may against each item

Priority Documents

Translations of priority documents

Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)

Request for preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)

Request for substantive examination (Patents Form 10/77)

Any other documents (please specify)

11.

I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Signature(s)

Date:

Muhal Evenhel

2 JUNE 1998

Michael EVERSHED, Authorised Signatory

 Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

Rohini Ranjitkumar

0171 492 8146

Warning

After an application for a patent has been filed, the Comptroller of the Patent Office will consider whether publication or communication of the invention should be prohibited or restricted under Section 22 of the Patents Act 1977. You will be informed if it is necessary to prohibit or restrict your invention in this way. Furthermore, if you live in the United Kingdom, Section 23 of the Patents Act 1977 stops you from applying for a patent abroad without first getting written permission from the Patent Office unless an application has been filed at least 6 weeks beforehand in the United Kingdom for a patent for the same invention and either no direction prohibiting publication or communication has been given, or any such direction has been revoked.

Notes

- a) If you need help to fill in this form or you have any questions, please contact the Patent Office on 0645 500505.
- b) Write your answers in capital letters using black ink or you may type them.
- c) If there is not enough space for all the relevant details on any part of this form, please continue on a separate sheet of paper and write "see continuation sheet" in the relevant part(s). Any continuation sheet should be attached to this form.
- d) If you have answered 'Yes' Patents Form 7/77 will need to be filed.
- e) Once you have filled in the form you must remember to sign and date it.
- f) For details of the fee and ways to pay please contact the Patent Office.

DATA NETWORK ACCESS

This invention relates to a method of providing a connection between a user's computer connected to a telephone network and a data network through an interface which is connected to both the telephone network and the data network. This invention also relates to an interface for providing such a connection service.

The most widespread data network in use at present is the well-known public Internet. Users computers operated by individuals from their homes or individuals belonging to a small organisation are usually connected to the Internet by a dial-up connection through a telephone network to an interface known as a point-of-presence. In presently known arrangements, the point-of-presence requires the user's computer to provide both a user name and password before it will connect the user's computer to the public Internet. Some users find it inconvenient to establish a user name and password before gaining access to the public Internet.

According to one aspect of this invention there is provided a method of providing a connection service between a user's computer connected to a telephone network and a data network through an interface which is connected to both said telephone network and said data network, said connection service having a dedicated telephone number, said method comprising the steps of:

said user's computer dialling said dedicated telephone number;

in response to said user's computer dialling said dedicated telephone number, creating a connection through the telephone network between said user's computer and said interface;

said interface checking that the connection from said user's computer was received on said dedicated telephone number;

in the event that the connection was received on said dedicated telephone number, said interface allocating a network address to said user's computer and transmitting said allocated address to said user's computer; and

said interface providing a connection between said user's computer and said data network for messages containing said allocated network address.

With this invention, a user's computer can be connected to a data network without verification of a user name or password being necessary.

According to another aspect of this invention, there is provided an interface for providing a connection service between a user's computer connected to a telephone network and a data network, said interface being connected both to said telephone network and said data network, said connection service having a dedicated telephone number, said interface comprising:

means for receiving a call from a user's computer through said telephone network;

means for checking whether the call was received on said dedicated telephone number;

means responsive to said checking means for allocating a network address to said user's computer and transmitting said network address to said user's computer in the event that the call was received on said dedicated telephone number; and

means for providing a connection between said user's computer and said 15 data network for messages containing said allocated network address.

This invention will now be described in more detailed, by way of example, with reference to the drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a block diagram of the components which are used to form a connection between a user's computer and the public Internet in accordance with this invention; and

Figure 2 is a flow chart showing the operations which are used with the arrangement of Figure 1 to form a connection between the user's computer and the public Internet.

Referring now to Figure 1, there is shown a user's computer 1 which is connected to a public telephone network 2. The user's computer 1 may be connected on a digital or ISDN (Integrated Services Digital Network) line or on an analogue line. Where the connection is on an analogue line, the user's computer is connected to the telephone network through to a modem.

The arrangement shown in Figure 1 also includes an interface known as a 30 point-of-presence 7 which is connected to both the telephone network 2 and the public Internet 6. The point-of-presence 7 comprises a network access server 4 and an authentication server 5. Each of the servers 4 and 5 is a computer

10

25

configured so as to provide the functionality described below. The server 4 includes a bank of modems for receiving calls on analogue lines.

By way of illustration, Figure 1 shows another user's computer 8 and also a server computer 9 connected to the public Internet 6.

The telephone network 2 has a telephone service billing system 3. The operation of the billing system 3 will be described below.

The point-of-presence 7 is owned by an Internet service provider and the telephone network 2 and the Internet service provider may be the same organisation or separate organisations.

As is well-known, computers connected to the Internet can transmit messages to each other using Internet protocols. These include the transmission control protocol (TCP) and the Internet protocol (IP). Computers connected to the Internet can also retrieve information pages stored on server computers, such as the server computer 9, using higher level protocols. Several higher level protocols 15 have been established for retrieving information pages and these include the File Transfer Protocol, Java Script and the very well-known Hypertext Transfer Protocol. Pages which are transmitted using the Hypertext Transfer Protocol are stored using the well-known Hypertext Mark-up Language. In order to retrieve such pages, a user's computer needs a suitable browser such as the well-known 20 Netscape browser. The combination of the public Internet 6 and server computers connected to it and from which information pages may be retrieved is known as the World Wed Web. Information pages which may be retrieved from such server computers are commonly known as Web pages. Information pages stored on a server computer are usually supplied by one or more information providers.

In presently known arrangements a point-of-presence requires a user name and password before it will form a connection between a user's computer and the Some users find it inconvenient to obtain a user name and password. As will be described below, in the arrangement of Figure 1, a user's computer, such as user's computer 1, can be connected to the public Internet 30 without verification of a user name or user password.

Referring now to Figure 2, there are shown the operations which are performed in a connection service for creating a connection between a user's computer, such as user's computer 1, and the public Internet 6.

In a step 20, the user's computer dials a dedicated or special rate telephone number. The user of the user's computer may find it convenient to configure the computer with this dedicated telephone number.

Then, in a step 21, the telephone network 2 forms a connection between 5 the user's computer and the network access server 4 in the point-of-presence 7.

Next, in a step 22, the authentication server 7 checks that the connection from the user's computer has been made on the dedicated telephone number. If the connection has not been made on the dedicated telephone number, in a step 23, access is denied. The user of the user's computer is informed that access has 10 been denied by transmitting a message to the user's computer.

If the connection has been received on the dedicated telephone number, then in the step 24, the network access server allocates an Internet network address to the user's computer and transmits this network address to the user's computer.

Finally, in a step 25, the network access server forms a connection between the user's computer and the Internet 6. The network access server 4 then permits messages to pass between the user's computer and the public Internet. Where such a message is being transmitted from the user's computer to the public network, it will contain the allocated Internet network address as the source 20 address. Where the message is being passed from the public Internet to the user's computer, it will include the allocated Internet network address as the destination The user's computer can then transmit messages to other user's computers connected to the public Internet using the Internet protocols mentioned above. The user's computer can also retrieve information pages from the server computer, such as the server computer 9.

The arrangement shown in Figure 1 is capable of providing more than one type of connection service. Each of these services has it own dedicated telephone number.

In the basic service, the user's computer is given general access to the public Internet. Where a user is using this basic service, the user of the user's computer will be charged at a special rate for the use of the connection through the telephone network 2 to the point-of-presence 7. The user will be billed at this special rate by the telephone service billing system 3. Where the point-of-presence

25

7 and the telephone network 2 are owned by separate organisations, the telephone service billing system credits the owner of the Internet service provider with part of the call charge.

The arrangement shown in Figure 1 can also provide two special services. Some information service providers require a payment for providing information. In the first special service, the network access server 4 provides access to one or a predefined set of server computers which provide information supplied by an information service provider and for which a payment is required. With this first special service, the call connection tariff includes a component to cover the 10 payment required by the information service provider. The telephone service billing system 3 is arranged to credit part of the call charge to the information service provider. Thus, with this first special service, the user's computer gains access both to computers which can be accessed by general users of the Internet as well as the one or predefined set of server computers mentioned earlier in this paragraph.

In the second special service, the user's computer is given access to only one or a set of server computers which contain advertising material supplied by an information service provider. With this second special service, the call tariff is either at a reduced rate or a free rate and the information service provider pays all 20 or part of the call charge. With the second special service, the telephone service billing system 3 is arranged to charge the information service provider for all or part of the call charge. Thus, with this second special service, the user's computer gains access to just one server or to a set of servers which are restricted in comparison with the servers which can be accessed by general users of the Internet.

CLAIMS

A method of providing a connection service between a user's computer connected to a telephone network and a data network through an interface which is connected to both said telephone network and said data network, said connection service having a dedicated telephone number, said method comprising the steps of:

said user's computer dialling said dedicated telephone number;

in response to said user's computer dialling said dedicated telephone number, creating a connection through the telephone network between said user's computer and said interface;

said interface checking that the connection from said user's computer was received on said dedicated telephone number;

in the event that the connection was received on said dedicated telephone 15 number, said interface allocating a network address to said user's computer and transmitting said allocated address to said user's computer; and

said interface providing a connection between said user's computer and said data network for messages containing said allocated network address.

- 20 2. A method as claimed in claim 1, in which in said step of providing a connection between said user's computer and said data network, said connection is limited to a predefined set of destination network addresses in said data network.
- 25 3. A method as claimed in claim 2, in which said predefined set of network addresses includes both network addresses available to general users of said data network and a further set of network addresses.
- A method as claimed in claim 2, in which said predefined set of network
 addresses is a restricted set of network addresses in comparison with the network
 addresses generally available to users of said data network.

30 -

- 5. A method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4, in which said data network is the public Internet.
- An interface for providing a connection service between a user's computer
 connected to a telephone network and a data network, said interface being connected both to said telephone network and said data network, said connection service having a dedicated telephone number, said interface comprising:

means for receiving a call from a user's computer through said telephone network;

means for checking whether the call was received on said dedicated telephone number;

means responsive to said checking means for allocating a network address to said user's computer and transmitting said network address to said user's computer in the event that the call was received on said dedicated telephone number; and

means for providing a connection between said user's computer and said data network for messages containing said allocated network address.

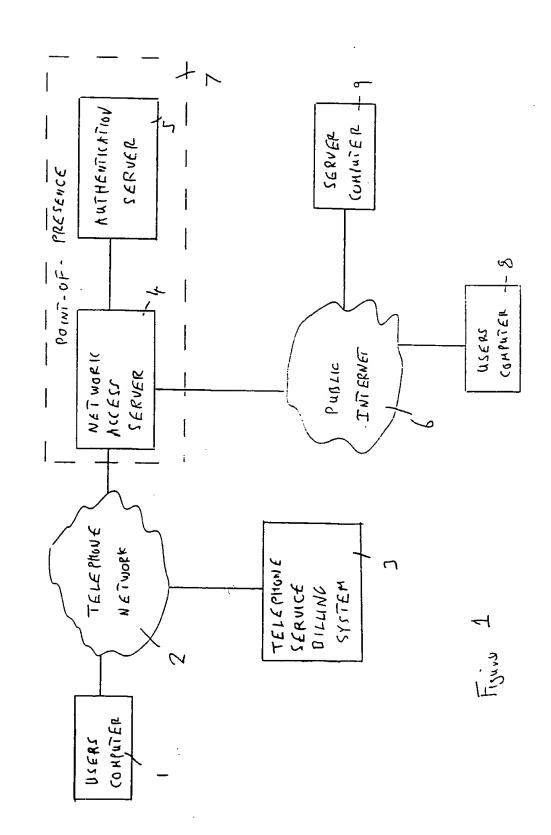
- 7. An interface as claimed in claim 6, in which said connection means is 20 arranged to limit said connection to messages containing a predefined set of destination addresses of said data network.
- 8. An interface as claimed in claim 7, in which said predefined set of network addresses includes both network addresses available to general users of said data network and a further set of network addresses.
 - 9. An interface as claimed in claim 7, in which said predefined set of network addresses is a restricted set of network addresses in comparison with the network addresses generally available to users of said data network.
 - 10. An interface as claimed in any one of claims 6 to 9, in which said data network is the public Internet.

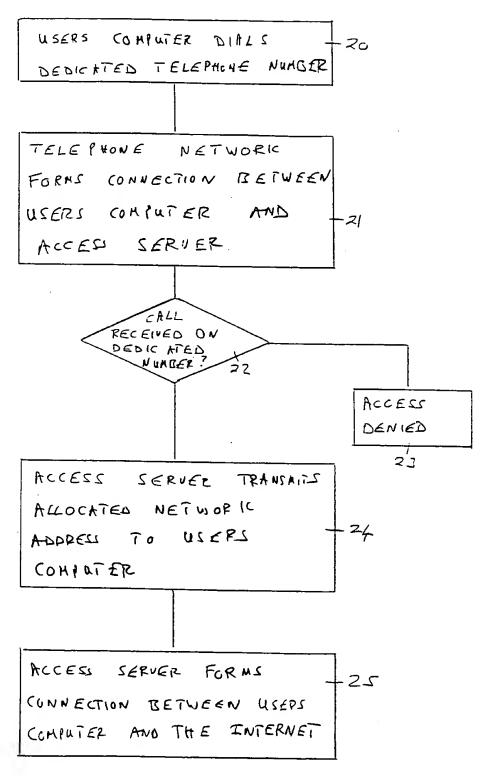
ABSTRACT

(Title)

There is described a method of providing a connection service between a user's computer 1 connected to a telephone network 2 and the public Internet 6 through a point-of-presence 7. In this method, the user's computer dials a dedicated telephone number and a connection is created between the user's computer and the point-of-presence 7. The point-of-presence 7 then checks that the connection has been received on the dedicated telephone number. If the connection has been received on the dedicated telephone number, the point-of-presence 7 transmits an allocated Internet network address to the user's computer 1. The point-of-presence 7 then forms a connection between the user's computer 1 and the public Internet 6 for messages containing the allocated network. Figure (1)

15





Fisino 2

This Page Blank (uspto)